

Inaugural GAIP Summit 2024: Addressing Asia's Protection Gaps

The need for an integrated approach to insurance and risk mitigation to reduce the protection gap

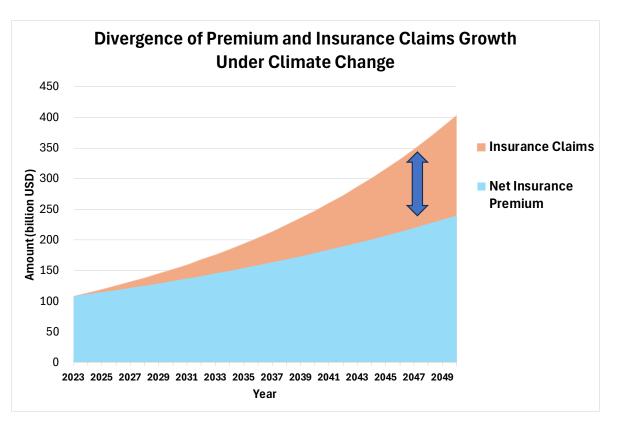
10/15/2024



The tipping point of "insurability" may soon be reached

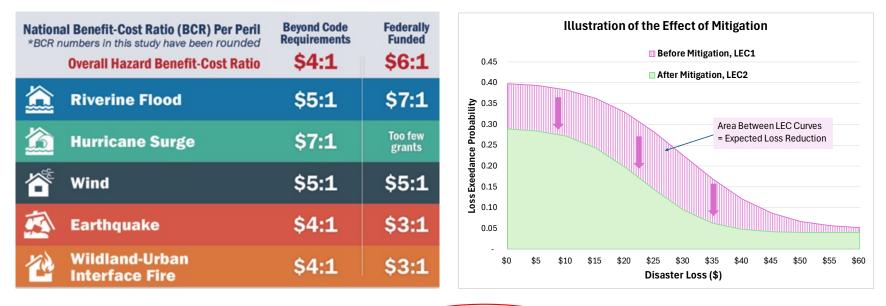
Under climate change:

- Global disaster losses increase by 4% per year
- Insurance premium increase by 2% per year
- Insurance protection gap will widen!





Reducing the protection gap requires both insurance and risk mitigation



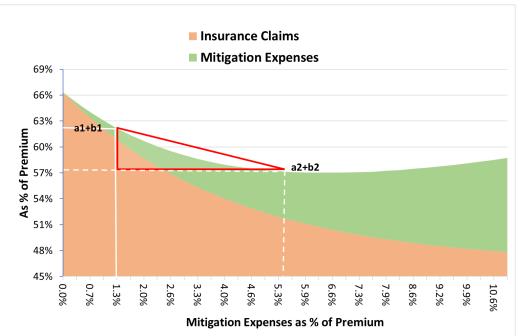
future (k-th year)	2 years	3 years	5 years	6 years	11 years	15 years	
Mitigation Spend x_k (% Premium)	0.8%	1.2%	1.9%	2.2%	4.9%	5.1%	

^{10/15/2024}Source: Risk Lighthouse joint report with Ping An Insurance, July 2024.



Investing in risk mitigation can also benefit insurers financially

- In 2022, agricultural insurance premium in Guangdong Province was 8.11 billion yuan, insurance loss ratio 60.8%
- Risk mitigation expenditure of 108 million yuan (1.33% of premium) resulted in loss reduction of 448 million yuan.



	a. Mitigation Spending	b. Insurance Loss Ratio	Total Cost: a+b
Case (1)	1.33%	60.80%	62.13%
Case (2)	5.50%	51.63%	57.13%
Difference: (2) - (1)	+4.33%	-9.17%	-5.00%



Insurance supervisors are in a unique position to facilitate and support Public Private Partnerships

- 1. Collaborate wit the industry to assess the effectiveness of various loss reduction measures (technologies)
- 2. Provide incentives for insurance to promote risk-reducing activities
- 3. Oversee the implementation of a Climate De-Risk Insurance (CDRI) concept trough regional insurance pools (e.g., SEADRIF), by facilitating integrated risk assessments, loss reduction measures and insurance, embedding insurance in the life cycle of resilience projects